

# Test for Unit 3(A)

年级：\_\_\_\_\_ 班级：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

## Part 1 Listening (共 25 分)

### I. Listening comprehension

#### A. Listen and choose the right picture. (5 分)



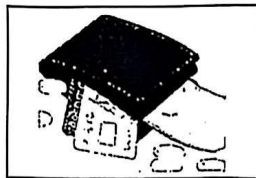
A



B



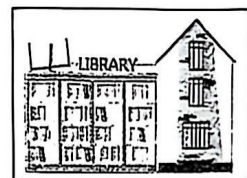
C



D



E



F

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear. (8 分)

- ( ) 6. A. Don't turn left. B. Don't leave about rubbish.  
C. Don't drive a car. D. Don't have a picnic.
- ( ) 7. A. An astronaut. B. A secretary. C. An architect. D. A professor.
- ( ) 8. A. 24. B. 30. C. 54. D. 58.
- ( ) 9. A. The man. B. The woman.  
C. Both the man and the woman. D. Neither the man nor the woman.
- ( ) 10. A. In England. B. In America. C. In New Zealand. D. In China.
- ( ) 11. A. In a restaurant. B. In a bakery.  
C. At a furniture shop. D. At a house estate agency.
- ( ) 12. A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Autumn. D. Winter.
- ( ) 13. A. A broken arm. B. A broken leg.  
C. A broken hand. D. A broken head.

#### C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false. (6 分)

- ( ) 14. Mr and Mrs Black went to the cinema last night.



- ( ) 15. They went there with their ten-month-old son.
- ( ) 16. The office worker stopped them because they didn't buy tickets.
- ( ) 17. Both Mr and Mrs Black enjoyed the film every much.
- ( ) 18. Forty minutes later, Mr Black wanted to leave alone.
- ( ) 19. They wanted to wake up their son and give him something to eat.

**D. Listen to the passage and complete the sentences. (6 分)**

20. David's sister works in a clothes \_\_\_\_\_ in Hangzhou.
21. David hears Hangzhou is a \_\_\_\_\_ and beautiful city.
22. His sister has worked in Hangzhou since she left the \_\_\_\_\_ school.
23. David thinks more and more people \_\_\_\_\_ to take bullet trains.
24. He will leave for Hangzhou in half a \_\_\_\_\_.
25. David's \_\_\_\_\_ will go to Hangzhou with him.

**Part 2 Phonetics, Vocabulary and Grammar (共 35 分)**

**II. Choose the best answer. (15 分)**

- ( ) 26. Which of the following underlined part is different from the others in pronunciation?  
A. nod                      B. contest                      C. shock                      D. nobody
- ( ) 27. This is my CD player, and \_\_\_\_\_ is on the table over there.  
A. you                      B. your                      C. yours                      D. yourself
- ( ) 28. A terrible shooting accident hit the American city Las Vegas \_\_\_\_\_ October 1st, 2017.  
A. on                      B. in                      C. of                      D. at
- ( ) 29. I hope it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.  
A. not snow                      B. not to snow                      C. doesn't snow                      D. won't snow
- ( ) 30. — Which would you like, a cup of tea or a glass of milk?  
— \_\_\_\_\_, I think I will just have a glass of water.  
A. Both                      B. Neither                      C. None                      D. Either
- ( ) 31. They invited us \_\_\_\_\_ on a picnic with them in the summer holiday.  
A. went                      B. go                      C. to go                      D. going
- ( ) 32. — You look so happy!  
— Jack says I am pretty. \_\_\_\_\_ has ever told me that before.  
A. Somebody                      B. Anybody                      C. Everybody                      D. Nobody



- ( ) 33. Our parents \_\_\_\_\_ magazines when we got home yesterday.  
A. read                      B. has read                      C. will read                      D. were reading
- ( ) 34. My old neighbour Mary felt \_\_\_\_\_ after his children moved out.  
A. lonely                      B. alone                      C. clear                      D. pale
- ( ) 35. English is used \_\_\_\_\_ than French and Spanish in the world.  
A. wider                      B. as widely as                      C. most widely                      D. more widely
- ( ) 36. \_\_\_\_\_ relaxing it is to live in the countryside!  
A. What                      B. What a                      C. How                      D. What an
- ( ) 37. There is \_\_\_\_\_ water in the bottle, is there?  
A. a little                      B. few                      C. a few                      D. little
- ( ) 38. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it from the bus stop to the Shanghai Museum?  
— It's about 20 minutes' walk.  
A. How long                      B. How far                      C. How soon                      D. How often
- ( ) 39. — Would you like to join us this weekend? — \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Not at all                      B. I don't think so  
C. I'd like to, but I am too busy                      D. It doesn't matter
- ( ) 40. — Would you mind my opening the window? It's too hot inside.  
— \_\_\_\_\_. I also feel hot.  
A. Never mind                      B. I'm sorry                      C. Of course                      D. Not at all

**III. Complete the following passage with the words in the box. Each can only be used once. (5 分)**

A. seconds	B. importance	C. slow down	D. protect	E. suddenly	F. fast
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Seat belts prevent people in the cars from serious injury in the following ways:

To keep people inside. People who are thrown out from a car are four times more likely to be killed than those who stay inside.

To 41 the strongest parts of the body. Seat belts are designed to fix your body at its strongest parts. For an elder child and adult, these parts are the hips (臀部) and the shoulders.

To spread out the force in an accident. Seat belts spread the force of the accident over a wide area of the body. Seat belts also help keep your upper body away from the hard parts of the car if you stop 42, or are hit by another car.

To help the body to avoid a fast and deadly hit. With the help of the seat belts, your body can have more time to 43 the speed in an accident.





Therefore, it's of great 44 to help both the drivers and the passengers. It takes only a few 45 to buckle up (系安全带) once you get in the car, but this simple action could save your life. Why wouldn't you?

41. \_\_\_\_\_ 42. \_\_\_\_\_ 43. \_\_\_\_\_ 44. \_\_\_\_\_ 45. \_\_\_\_\_

#### IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms. (5 分)

46. This is my new \_\_\_\_\_. I like it very much. (neighbour)  
47. My words made no \_\_\_\_\_ on her. (impress)  
48. His grammar is \_\_\_\_\_. (shock)  
49. Always be \_\_\_\_\_ and look to every new day with positive hope. (thank)  
50. \_\_\_\_\_, the wind blew fiercely. (sudden)

#### V. Rewrite the following sentences as required. (10 分)

51. John read a lot of Chinese books. (改为否定句)  
John \_\_\_\_\_ read \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese books.  
52. The workers will build a new factory to deal with rubbish. (对画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ the workers build a new factory?  
53. I saw John in the market yesterday. (对画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you see John yesterday?  
54. They want to move to a new flat because the old one is too small. (对画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ they want to move to a new flat?  
55. I, understand, what, seem to, she, means (连词成句)  
\_\_\_\_\_.

### Part 3 Reading and Writing (共 40 分)

#### VI. Reading comprehension (共 24 分)

##### A. Choose the best answer. (6 分)

When you have a different opinion with your friend, what should you do? One of the ways is to talk to your friend and tell him or her how you're feeling. It's always important to share your feelings with your friend.

However, as we grow older, our interests change and sometimes this means that a friendship may not be as close as it once was. This also means that you may find a different group of friends to spend time with. Then what should you do to keep friends? One helpful thing is to tell them you like them. Smile, talk to them, listen with



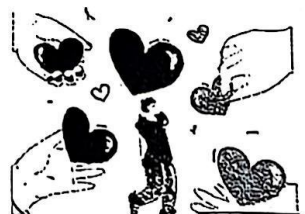
interest and praise them for the things you like about them. People naturally like to make friends with the people who understand and enjoy them.

It's also important to remember that you should always be yourself. Sometimes when you focus on "keeping friends", you might begin to do things or act in some ways that aren't normally part of your personality. Moreover, if your friend is unfriendly to you, that doesn't mean you should become hurtful to other people. If keeping a friendship means you have to become someone who you aren't, \_\_\_\_\_.

- ( ) 56. When you have a different opinion with your friends, you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. go to your parents for help                      B. tell them how you're feeling  
C. keep away from them for days                  D. keep quiet and have a good rest
- ( ) 57. People usually like to make friends with the people who \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. change their interest                              B. find a different group of friends  
C. smile and laugh at them                          D. understand and enjoy them
- ( ) 58. According to the passage, it is good for keeping friends to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. praise and enjoy your friends                  B. tell your friends that you hate them  
C. buy presents for your friends                  D. seldom talk to them
- ( ) 59. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. friendship              B. feelings              C. personalities              D. kindness
- ( ) 60. The last paragraph tells us that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. we should be impolite to friends  
B. it's important to have good personalities  
C. we should change ourselves to make friends  
D. people shouldn't lose themselves to keep friendship
- ( ) 61. Which of the following can be put in the blank of the last paragraph?  
A. it is a lifelong friendship                      B. the friendship isn't worth keeping  
C. it is a kind of strong relationship              D. you shouldn't give up

**B. Choose the best answer and complete the passage. (6分)**

Willard Franklin came to my class half a year ago. But since the first day, he locked himself in his world and 62 spoke to others. As his teacher, I tried to start a talk with him but 63. It seemed as if he just didn't want to break his silence.



Before the Christmas, we got the news of the yearly collection of money for the poor in our school. "Christmas is a season of giving." I told my students, "By giving a little money, you will help buy some toys, food and clothing for these students in 64."





The collection will start tomorrow. ”

The next morning, however, I found that almost 65 forgot the matter except Willard. He came up to my desk with his head down. He put two coins into the small box. “I don’t need milk for lunch,” he said 66 .

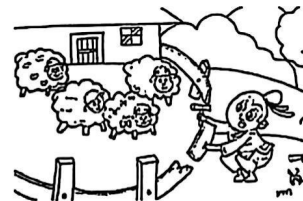
After school I couldn’t help sharing what had happened in the morning with our headmaster, Mr. Brown. I believe Willard may be ready to become a part of our class. “I am glad to hear that,” he nodded. “And I just got a list of the poor families in our school who need help most. Here take a look. ”

As I sat down to read, I found Willard Franklin was at the top of the list. At that moment, I started to know Willard for the first time—a cold face with a 67 heart.

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|---------|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| ( ) 62. | A. never    | B. always  | C. often    | D. seldom    |
| ( ) 63. | A. forgot   | B. changed | C. failed   | D. stopped   |
| ( ) 64. | A. danger   | B. hope    | C. hospital | D. need      |
| ( ) 65. | A. somebody | B. nobody  | C. anybody  | D. everybody |
| ( ) 66. | A. badly    | B. softly  | C. sadly    | D. bravely   |
| ( ) 67. | A. broken   | B. angry   | C. warm     | D. confident |

**C. Fill in the blanks with suitable words. (6分)**

Once upon a time, there was a shepherd (牧羊人). He raised dozens of sheep. He tended (照料) the sheep in the daytime and kept them in the sheepfold at night.



One morning, the shepherd found that one sheep was missing. His neighbour h 68 him check the sheepfold. “There is a hole in the wall of your sheepfold. A wolf went in t 69 the hole and took the sheep away at night. You should mend the sheepfold quickly and fill up the hole,” the neighbour said.

The shepherd replied, “I have already lost the sheep. It is no u 70 mending the sheepfold. ”

The next morning, the shepherd found that a 71 sheep was missing. The neighbor said, “Aren’t you going to mend the sheepfold now?”

The shepherd filled up the hole c 72 at once. After that, none of his sheep was taken away by the wolf.

If there is a m 73 , we should correct it as soon as possible. In this way, we can avoid more losses.

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|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 68. h _____ | 69. t _____ | 70. u _____ | 71. a _____ |
| 72. c _____ | 73. m _____ |             |             |



**D. Answer the following questions. (6分)**

Two men were sitting together in an airplane. They were on a long journey. One of the men was a teacher. The other was a farmer. They sat without talking for a while, then the farmer said, "Let's do something to pass the time."



"What do you want to do?" the teacher asked. "We can ask each other riddles," the farmer said, "You start." "Let's make the rules first," the teacher said. "And let's make the game more interesting. We can play it for money. If we don't know the answer to riddle, we have to pay a dollar."

The farmer thought about this for a while, then he said, "That's not fair. You are a teacher, an educated man. You know more than I do. I'm just a farmer."

"That's true," the teacher said. "What do you think we should do?"

"If you don't know the answer to a riddle, you pay me a dollar. If I don't know the answer to a riddle, I'll pay you half a dollar."

The teacher thought about this, then he said, "OK. That's fair. Who'll first?" "I will," the farmer said, "Here is my riddle. What has three legs when it walks, but only two legs when it flies?"

The teacher thought for a few minutes and then said, "I'm afraid I don't know the answer." He gave the farmer \$100, then said, "Tell me the answer, please." "I don't know, either," The farmer said and gave him half a dollar.

74. Where did the two men meet?

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75. Who suggested doing something to pass the time?

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76. What did they decide to do to pass the time?

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77. Why did they play the game for money?

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78. The farmer himself didn't know the answer to the riddle, didn't he?

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79. What do you think of the farmer? Why?

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## VII. Writing. (16 分)

### A. Translate the following sentences into English. (6 分)

80. 他快速拿出他的手机并拨打了急救号码。

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81. 我每天用轮椅带她去学校食堂。

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82. 请接受我真诚的感谢。

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### B. Guided writing. (10 分)

83. Write in at least 60 words according to the given situation. (根据以下情境, 写一篇不少于60个词的短文, 标点符号不占格。)

感恩他人是一种可贵的品质, 在你的日常学习、生活中一定得到过很多帮助和关爱。你最想感谢的是谁? 他/她是如何帮助你的? 对于他/她的这些付出你是怎么想的? 请给他/她写一封感谢信。

						(60)		

